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THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. X, NO. 8

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY FEBRUARY 27, 1919

\$2.00 YEARLY

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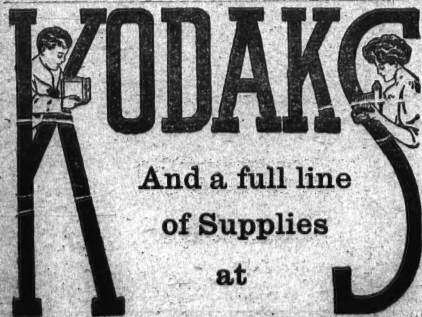
Many a Cure Makes The "Shamrock" Cure

"SHAMROCK" Hams and Bacon are manufactured from the best grain-fed pork. Sugar-cured and treated, so they will make the finest breakfast dish to be had.

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And a full line
of Supplies

at

The Blairmore Pharmacy

G. N. Elwin, Phm. B.

Drugs, Stationery, Kodaks, etc. Eyes tested and Glasses fitted
Blairmore, Blairmore, Alberta

To Members, Contributors and All Interested in Red Cross Work

The annual meeting of the members of the Alberta Provincial Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society, was held in the ball room of the Palliser hotel at Calgary on Tuesday, the 19th of February, for the purpose of receiving and considering the annual reports of officers for the year ending 15th November, 1918. This extension of time was necessitated by the prevalence of influenza throughout the province.

Records of work accomplished since the last annual report show an annual increase of 86 branches in the province, making a total of 232 branches of the Red Cross in Alberta. Four hundred and twenty auxiliaries are attached to local branches.

During the past year the Red Cross has reached 918 districts and towns in the province, showing an increase of 317, in the work. The total cash donations for the year amounted to \$323,875.85.

1,625,848 supplies were made, worth \$406,242.47. The figures for 1918 show an increase of 56% in cash contributions and an increase of 43% in supplies over last year.

Total number of members of the society in Alberta is 10,233, which includes life, active and associate members.

To meet the increasing demands for Red Cross extension work throughout the province three persons were appointed as assistant organizing secretaries, along with other officials in the depot at Calgary. Hence the item of \$631.08 for travelling expenses. Two hundred and twenty-nine credit cards were paid by officials of the provincial branch to centres in Alberta. There are no salaries paid to officials in the Red Cross depot, except to janitor and stenographers, some of whom are only receiving \$30 per month—barely enough to pay their board.

The work of the Red Cross amongst military units in Alberta has increased steadily. The Society is in touch with all military hospitals and homes in the province, to which Red Cross supplies and comforts are issued on requisition of commanding officers. During the past year twenty-one hospitals and units have been supplied with comforts and equipment of all kinds. This is one of the reasons why the work of the Red Cross must go on.

On October the 21st last, when the influenza had become epidemic in this province, the organization of the Provincial Red Cross Society was placed in co-operation with the Provincial Board of Health to assist in fighting the disease. To date November the 15th, it is estimated that supplies valued at \$12-356.64 have been issued for relief work in the province. The opinion has been universally expressed that the emergency could not have been grappled with so efficiently had it not been for the fact that the Red Cross was in operation and prepared to assist to the extent of its capacity.

Our Canadian Society is a branch of the British Red Cross Society, and owes its corporate existence to an Act of Parliament of Canada which defines its activities, limiting them to war-time work. Therefore a resolution was put to the meeting as follows:

"That the Alberta Provincial Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society approves of the action taken by the Central Council of the Society in resolving to ask parliament to amend the charter by granting power to the Society at any time in peace to aid in the

France and Italy Would Not Sink Fleet

While the supreme war council has not discussed the disposition of surrendered German warships, the naval experts of the council have studied the subject, British and American officers agreeing that the proper solution of the question will be to sink them in deep water. French and Italian officers do not take this view, and if the experts do not soon reach an agreement, the matter may be taken up directly by the supreme war council.

The British navy has captured the greater number of German vessels taken during the war, and the British delegates feel they have a greater interest in the determination of the question, and they have the weight of the opinion of American experts with them. There are seventy-four German warships, aggregating half a million tons, or an estimated building cost of \$200,000,000, at Scapa Flow. These naval vessels cannot be used profitably in commerce, are too heavily engined and have no cargo space, a fact which has been proved. It has also been demonstrated by wreckers that naval vessels cannot be broken up at a profit. The Italian government claims to have broken up the famous old battleship *Duilio* at a profit, but no one else has been able to do as well.

prevention and alleviation of human ills or suffering, whether as a result of war, pestilence, calamity or other cause."

The motion when put to the meeting was passed unanimously.

For four years the Society has become a factor of first importance in the national life of the country. It has helped the poor, the aged and women of every class and creed and condition of life. It has stood for service and sacrifice, and what it has accomplished during the stress and strain of war it may well continue to do when the thoughts of men and women must be turned to improving home conditions.

The service rendered by the Society during the recent epidemic throughout the province is an indication of what can be done by co-operation between the Red Cross and the government of the country.

Since the signing of the armistice the refugees of allied nations have been clothed through the Red Cross. There are still about 40,000 sick and wounded soldiers in England who have to be cared for besides the men who are in hospitals.

On behalf of the officers and committee of the Blairmore branch I would ask the residents of this town to give their support to the local branch as liberally as they have done in the past. Don't wait to be asked for a contribution, or to become a member of the Society. Give it to the Secretary or any of the committee of the local branch. Thanking one and all for past favors.

M. L. CARTER,
President Blairmore Branch
Red Cross Society

Anglican Church

Evening service will be held next Sunday at 7:30, conducted by the Rev. H. Clay.
Sunday School at 2:30.

Strikes on July 1, to make effective the slogan, "No beer, no work," have been voted on by the New York iron workers, shipbuilders, longshoremen, hatters, stationary firemen, pavers and ramblers unions, it was announced at a meeting of the Central Federated union. Ernest Bohm, secretary of the organization, who announced the strike votes, said that the strikes would effect about 160,000 men.

Guide Our Values By Comparison

Compare Quality! Compare Assortment! Compare Prices!

That is what we ask you all to do—Compare! Then take advantage of this special and unusual opportunity to fill your apparel wants from our complete stock, and while you note our exceptionally low prices during January, you will not wonder why we ask you to "Guide Our Values by Comparison."

Blairmore Trading Co.

"The Store With The Good Goods"

Blairmore, Alberta

Killing Two Birds With One Stone

That's what you do when you buy our Aluminumware for your kitchen. Because it's the cheapest utensil in the long run you can get, and because it adds to the appearance of your kitchen equipment. Our stock is at present quite complete. Come and look it over.

The Blairmore Hardware Co

EXPERT WATCH REPAIRING



WE have had many years experience in Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing, and have the most up-to-date machinery for handling the work.

Full line of all grades of
WATCHES, CLOCKS,
CUTLERY, JEWELRY AND
NOVELTIES ON HAND.

Agent for Columbia and Victor Phonographs and Gramophones. Hundreds of the latest disc records to choose from. Get a catalogue and our prices.

S. Trono,

Blairmore

Blairmore Opera House

High Class
Moving Pictures

On Monday, Tuesday
Wednesday, Thursday
and Saturday Nights.

Show Starts Promptly at 7:30

Full Orchestra Attends All Shows

Britain and U. S. Can Prevent Future Wars

Paris. — Success or failure of the league of nations depends almost wholly on Britain and the United States. This statement was made by the United Press by Major-General Frederick Maurice, British expert on military and international affairs. He was director of military operations for the British general staff which the British were opposing the German drive practically unaided, and he made his famous "Where is Blenheim?" statement.

"I am absolutely certain that a real league of nations is going through," said Maurice. "Every day it is more fully realized that the league is not an ideal, but is a workable proposition. The more closely the matter of restitution and restoration is gone into and the more actual information is obtained, the more certain it is that we will not get enough out of the central powers, either of money or material to set the world on its legs again. It is obvious that, at the very best, our repair bills will be only partially met."

There won't be any indemnities from which the world will be able to finance the new development of the German colonies, Turkish territories or the new republics which are struggling upward in eastern and southeastern Europe.

"We recognize that one of the chief difficulties in maintenance of the league is that democratic states are loathe to commit themselves indefinitely to supplying troops to fight in any part of the world to uphold the league's authority. That difficulty need not arise. Great Britain and the United States are recognized as holding the chief weapon of the league, economic pressure — the method for exercising which is naval force. If the United States and Great Britain agree to place their naval power at the disposal of the league I don't see how any nation will ever again dare to think of war."

Stores Sell Iron Crosses

German Newspaper Says Traffic Is Indecent

Coblenz, Germany. — The German food authorities joined the flourishing sight-seeing excursions in the American bridgehead area of the Rhine valley when they threatened drastic punishment for local stores selling iron crosses. Purchasing and distribution officers either to carry home as souvenirs or to sell in Paris at greatly advanced prices is a favorite occupation of the junkers. One junk profiteer bought 100 iron crosses at \$2 each, assured of soldiers and officers attending the peace conference for \$10 each.

A local newspaper denounces the traffic in iron crosses as an indecency, particularly disgraceful in stores selected for the distribution of food supplies. It says that if they display crosses for sale in their windows the American authorities will deprive them of the right to sell foods.

Put Responsibility on Royalty
Bernie. — A violent rhetorical duel between the French and German socialists, with many reciprocal approaches and accusations, marked the second sitting of the international Labor and Socialist conference.

Otto Wells, the former military commander of Berlin, defended the German position, and said that the German socialists already had found the question of responsibility for the war in having taken all power from the princes and kings. Wells accused Great Britain of having killed 700,000 German women, children and old men by the "hunger blockade."

A proposal is made in British Columbia to remodel the police force of the province on the lines of the Northwest Mounted Police.

Small Nations Want To Be Given Greater Power

Paris. — Although the five great allied and associated powers who are directing the peace conference have turned over much of the work to commissions, the society of nations question, especially with reference to the smaller nations, is becoming rather a knotty problem. The smaller nations, it is declared, must have equality in a society of nations and also greater powers than the plans already outlined give to them. The great powers, on the other hand, are faced with a situation that if each state is given a member on a supreme court of nations they might find them-

Must Have Coal

Paris. — Hugh S. Gibson, Captain T. T. C. Ferguson and other representatives of the inter-allied food relief commission, returned to Paris to make a report to Herbert Hoover, director general of the commission, after several weeks' travel through Poland, Austria, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia and Serbia. "Coal is now the most pressing need in Czechoslovakia, Austria and Hungary," said Capt. Ferguson. "And without an increased fuel supply food rationing on a large scale is impossible. Only one-tenth of the possible number of trains are operating in Austria and Hungary because of lack of coal, and conditions are little better in Czechoslovakia."

Program Suggested

Resolutions for World League Adopted by Peace Societies

Paris. — A conference of allied peace societies, comprising delegates of the United States, England, France and Belgium, favoring the league of nations project, has given out resolutions adopted by it in addition to the aims outlined in the plans handed by Leon Bourgeois to the allied premiers.

"They declare for an international bureau of labor, and periodic conferences between employers and employees in line with the British project now before the labor commissions. They recommend the creation of an international commission of education to inform the public on the functions of the league of nations and to educate the people in the doctrines of democratic citizenship."

They further recommend that the enemy countries be required to limit their armament and manufacture of arms and munitions in order to enable the entire states to reduce their military forces.

They declare that the allied states should content themselves with the enormous stock of arms and munitions of war now in their hands as a result of the war and the seizure of many stores, and should forbid the sale of arms and munitions by the states in the league to others. "The temporary suspension of liquidation by the governments to one another ought to be one of the first expedients of inter-government finance. I mean that for the present we should have an international moratorium between the governments in order to give the nations breathing time."

German Damage Buildings
London. — During the bombardment of Bremen, the city hall was damaged and many houses partly destroyed, according to an Exchange Telegraph company despatch from Copenhagen.

The government troops made their entrance after the city had been bombarded. Many persons are reported to have been killed in the bombardment. Armed Spartans from Gotha are on their way to Bremen to the support of the Spartans there.

"Save the Kaiser" Society Organizing
Amsterdam. — Societies to "save the Kaiser" from being handed over to the allies are being organized in Germany, according to the Volks Zeitung of Osnabrück. Eitel Frederick, second son of the former emperor, is said to have written a letter to the premier demanding that the government assist in the plan.

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Italy's War Debt

Relatively Higher Than That of the Other Allies

Rome. — Italy's national debt is now more than \$12,500,000,000, whereas when she entered the war it was about \$750,000,000, declared Luigi Luzaatti, former premier and a leading Italian financial authority, in a statement urging financial aid to Italy. He said that when pensions, government bills to manufacturers and other necessary expenditures had been paid, the national debt probably would total \$16,000,000,000.

"Italy," I am said to say, leads the whole world in the relative height of its war debt," he said. "Subtracting Italy's losses in men and money, her national wealth is only about \$20,000,000,000. If all the war loans of the entire world should be thrown together in one consolidated sum, Italy and France, whose losses in men and substance have been the greatest, would be compensated by bearing a smaller proportion of the war debt."

The United States and Great Britain are not only strong, but generous, and they will acknowledge that Italy and France, the two principal centres of Teutonic slaughter and devastations, should be supported financially, therefore, with correspondingly greater help."

Direction Finding

Stations Established

Will Prove of Great Value to Vessels Lost in Fog

Ottawa. — The department of the naval service has established on the east coast of Canada four direction finding stations which will, it is expected, prove of great value to vessels lost in the fog and unable to determine their position. These stations are located at Cape Sable, at the mouth of Halifax harbor; Cape Canso, and Cape Race, Newfoundland. From any or all of these stations a vessel equipped with wireless may obtain a bearing while still at a distance of several hundred miles from the coast.

At an ordinary wireless telegraph station there are no means for determining the direction from which incoming signals are being received. At the opening of the war efforts were concentrated upon the development of the direction finding station in order to locate the position of hostile craft carrying wireless equipment. An invention by two Italians solved the problem and this has been installed in the Canadian stations. Since the signing of the armistice, however, the stations have been placed at the disposal of commercial shipping and information to this effect is being distributed all over the world.

British Forces Prepare to Evacuate Northern Russia

To Draft New Treaty

Paris. — Mr. Georges Fauriol, Dominion minister of trade and commerce, interviewed by newspapers, said that France had informed Canada of her desire to denounce the 1905 treaty, as well as all similar treaties, regarding trade agreements, traffic of goods would continue under the old conditions. Continuing, Sir Georges said that the future "treaties would naturally depend on the attitude of the two countries in accordance with the customs arrangements."

Ontario lumbermen have sent a request to the government to endeavor to secure some of the large orders of lumber required in reconstruction work in Great Britain, France and Belgium.

The Canadian National Railways has placed orders for the construction of 2830 cars of all varieties.

Paris. — With the French still silent, the British are continuing to prepare for evacuation of their forces from Russia, whether the French accept or not.

In British military circles it was admitted that only the question of physical difficulties will determine whether their troops will come out by the way of April or sother. The Marmarash contingent can be moved immediately with comparatively little difficulty, but in the Archangel district there is already a considerable barrier of ice and it is recognized that a quick movement would be attended with great danger. The troops involved include 4,000 Americans and 20,000 British and Canadians. There are also great quantities of supplies and material in that region which the allies have no intention of abandoning. However, the military problem has been carefully studied and plans are reported to have been completed even to the number and size of the ice breakers that will be required.

Claim Complete Success

Royalists in Portugal Have Proclaimed Monarchy

Paris. — A despatch from Oporto says that royalist sources in Portugal announce the complete success of the royalists at Elvas, 12 miles west of Badajoz. The despatch adds that the troops have proclaimed a monarchy.

Lisbon. — Monarchist troops, it is announced, have been defeated in action at Covilha, southeast of Oporto, near the Spanish frontier, by republican forces under Lluís Figueira, who are advancing on guard to the northeast. The republican flag now floats over the towns of Covilha and Castello Branco and the monarchists are retreating on Rego, where their headquarters have been established.

Along the coast, the republicans have occupied Esca and Argos and the monarchists are evacuating Estarreja, south of Oporto. Communication with Lisbon has been restored as far north as Aveiro.

Military courts have been established to consider the question of dismissing civil and military officials hostile to the republican regime. The government, it is added, has no confidence in the wardens of the prisons and penitentiaries and will dismiss them.

The government announces that the monarchist elements in the country will be held responsible for all damages in the zone where fighting is now going on, well for money expended in putting down the monarchist movement.

Allies Must Watch Germany

Brother-in-Law of Former Russian Emperor Issues Warning

Paris. — The former Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovich, brother-in-law of the former Russian emperor, who has arrived in Paris, as he declares, "not for political purposes, but to make known the truth about Russia," says in an interview in the Matin that the allies must beware of Germany in Russia.

"France has every reason to save Russia," he declared. "If you do not intervene now, be sure that Germany will intervene in her own time. Because of Germany. That people, which is now at your mercy, hides within itself a hate which shall find its first revenge in Russia."

A league of nations or a society of peoples is such talked of. It remains to be seen if the nations will not have dealt themselves a mortal blow by hesitating too long to cleanse the Russian sore which threatens to contaminate the whole world."

France Takes Stern Measures To Suppress Food Profiteers

Paris. — The government bill under which it is intended to repress increased prices of foodstuffs and speculation, and the curbing of foodstuffs has been drafted. The cabinet met and examined into the subject of the increased cost of living and it was decided then to prepare the bill.

Under the measure, any attempt to interfere with free commercial competition would be punished by a fine ranging from a month to a year and a fine of from 500 francs to 50,000 francs. Attempted interference was carefully defined in broad language in the bill. Penalties are provided on a greatly increased scale in the case of a person operating illegally in a commodity in which he does not deal habitually.

Publicity is to be given to persons convicted, not in the newspapers, but by affixing documents to their homes, shops, or other places of business. The trial court is to fix the fine of the notice to be posted and the time it shall remain exposed. Extra penalties are provided for the suppression or concealing of notices by convicted persons.

A provision of the bill is that a second offense, on conviction, may be forbidden to exercise any trade for five years and also forbidden to accept employment in any capacity in the establishment in which he has previously worked.



Need Long Credits

In Order to Give the Nations Breathing Time

Paris. — Alvin W. Kreh, president of the Equitable Trust company of New York, who is visiting France for the purpose of studying the financial condition, and, if possible, ameliorating it, said to the Associated Press:

"The temporary suspension of liquidation by the governments to one another ought to be one of the first expedients of inter-government finance. I mean that for the present we should have an international moratorium between the governments in order to give the nations breathing time."

"France owes England and America; Belgium owes France, England and America; Italy owes America, England and France. The small nations owe the big ones. No one of them, large or small, can convert it by pay at the moment. Hence, they all need an international moratorium, to afford time for reconstruction. Even Germany must have time to make payments."

"It seems to me that this is the time that America, with infinite advantage to herself, may supplement her military support, now that the occasion for such support has practically disappeared, becoming a genuine factor in the establishment of an intimate union with France for the promotion of the material interests of both countries."

Wounded Coming Via U. S.

Washington. — Plans for landing wounded Canadian troops at Portland, Maine, with the approval of the United States government, were announced by the American Red Cross. Transfer of the men by rail across Maine and New Hampshire will cut many hours off their journey homeward from France. The first load will embark at Portland in a few days, two consignments a month being sent.

The Canada, the first of the wood on 1,500 ton steamers being built in British Columbia for the French government, has been launched from the Lyall shipyards at Vancouver. Twenty of the ships are being built in Vancouver, and twenty at Victoria.

W. N. U. 1250

Will Be Crime to Build Subs.

Statement Favor Abolition of the U-boat

London. — Referring to a report received from Paris by the way of New York that the American plan for assuring freedom of the seas includes the restricted use or abolition of the submarine, the Daily Telegraph says:

"The submarine campaign was aimed at this country, and we suffered worse than all other nations combined. This is a danger that fact may be overlooked. Besides ship we lost cargoes valued at hundreds of millions of pounds sterling, while 15,000 British men, women and children were assassinated at sea."

"As we made no special representations on this subject, there has been a tendency to suggest that we emerged from this piracy rather well off. Let it be remarked once more that 9,000,000 tons of our shipping lie at the bottom of the sea. We are more interested than any country in the proposal for the abolition of this matter, but a large body of naval opinion, and even a large proportion of statesmen on both sides of the Atlantic favor the abolition of the U-boat."

"If the world is to be safe for democracy something more than a declaration as to the limits within which submarines may be employed must be made. It must be stigmatized as a crime to build submarines and power must be secured to punish any nation which again embarks on this kind of naval construction."

Air Mechanics Rebel

London. — More than four thousand mechanics of the Royal Air Service corps have refused to go on duty in depots adjoining London. They claim that their contract with the government as soldiers is being broken and that they are being demobilized and engaged as civilians to continue the work, or be given the same pay that civilians would earn.

By Money Order Only

Ottawa. — The post office department has announced that the Italian postal administration urges that all remittances to that country should be made by means of money orders, as it declines all responsibility in case of tampering with valuable enclosures in registered letters.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication
Blairmore, Alberta.
Subscriptions to all parts of the Dominion
\$2.00 per annum. Foreign subscription
\$2.50. Payable in advance.
Business locals, 15c. per line.
Legal notices 15c. per line for first inser-
tion; 10c. per line for each
subsequent insertion.
Display Advertising Rates on Application.
W. J. HARTLEY, Proprietor.

Blairmore, Alta., Thurs., Feb. 27, 1919

Sleep Now In Peace

Ye dainty hearts who stemmed the foe
But fell beneath his savage blow,
Now rest content when poppies grow
Among your graves on Flanders' fields.
The torch—from dying hands you threw,
Was caught by those that followed you,
And born aloft revealed to view
Unconquered right on Flanders' fields.
The faith you prized was strictly kept,
By kindred souls who onward swept,
Nor faltered till their victory reaped
From vanquished wrong on Flanders' fields.
Your sacrifice was not in vain;
No human end, or greater gain
Than freedom saved on Flanders' fields.
They sleep in peace, our honored dead;
No more you'll hear the hostile tread
Of ruthless hordes o'er your head,
When poppies bloom on Flanders' fields.
—S. G. McGirr, Peachland, B. C.

5000 Facts About Canada For 1919

Thousands will welcome the new 1919
edition of "5000 Facts About Canada,"
edited by Frank Yeigh, the well known
writer and lecturer on the Dominion.
The booklet is a unique, annual epitome
of the trade, manufacturing, marine, ag-
ricultural, dairying, mining, forestry and
other facts, and a striking revelation of
our national growth in a year. An ex-
tra valuable feature this year is the chap-
ter on war facts, containing the authori-
tative totals that people want to know,
and that tell of Canada's part in the war
in condensed form, in fact this popular
publication has been well termed a pocket
encyclopedia of Canada, or the Dominion
in a nutshell. Copies may be had
among leading newsmen or by sending
25c to the Canadian Facts Publishing Co.,
588 Huron Street, Toronto.

New Ministers Cabinet of B. C.

Victoria, Feb. 24—Dr. David
Warnock, O.B., M.P., V.S., has
been appointed deputy minister of
agriculture, recently made vacant
by the retirement of W. E. Scott.
During the war Dr. Warnock
was appointed to the British re-
mount commission of Montreal and
was attached to a large remount
depot at Lachine, Que., until June,
1917. Dr. Warnock is a native of
Scotland and came to Canada in
1899. He was local manager of the
High River Horse Ranch in Al-
berta until 1902, and then manag-
ing the Walrod ranch, later be-
coming associated with Dr. J. G.
Rutherford, C.M.G., under whom
he acted as a veterinary inspector
under the dominion health of ani-
mals branch.

Across the Atlantic In One Day by Airship

Paris, Feb. 24—An airplane with
a speed of 200 to 300 miles an hour
which will bring America within a
short day's journey, is the prospect
held out by the invention of a
French engineer, Auguste Rateau,
according to the *Matin*. The in-
vention of M. Rateau was one of
the surprises in store for the Ger-
mans, which was about to be re-
vealed when fighting ceased. At
the present time, without the in-
vention, the higher an airplane
mounts, the less power does its en-
gine develop on account of the rar-
ifying of the air. The loss at 15,
000 feet, for instance, is fifty per
cent. M. Rateau's device, the paper
says, is very simple. It con-
sists of an arrangement by which
the exhaust from the engine works
a small turbine which compresses
the air drawn into the engine to
normal pressure so that the engine
develops full power no matter what
the altitude.

A new phone invention permits
five to talk over one wire. Some
folks around here seem to need five
wires over which to do their talk-
ing.

VEHICLE DEPARTMENT, ALBERTA

Overland



"The Thoroughbred"

The spirited, dependable performance of
Overland Model 90 has won the admi-
ration of thousands of owners. Its stamina
and endurance have built up a world-wide
prestige founded squarely on service.
Owners are safer guides than specifi-
cations.

Blairmore Hardware Company
Phone 142 Local Dealers Blairmore, Alta.
Wholesale Overland, Limited, Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario.
Representatives: Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina.

War to Peace

To Solve Canada's Employment Problem

EVERYONE in Canada should understand just what
the Government is doing to solve the unemployment
problems that may arise through the demobilization of
our fighting forces.

(1) Employment Offices.

So that everyone—male or
female, soldier or civilian—can
get quickly such jobs as are
available the Government is co-
operating with the Provinces in
establishing a chain of Public
Employment Offices. Employ-
ers are being urged to make use
of these offices to secure any
help they need. Farmers, for
example, who need hired men
should apply to the nearest
office. There will be a Public
Employment Office in every
town of 10,000 people—and
wherever the need for one exists.
There will be 60 different offices
in all—one-half are already in
operation.

(2) Employment Opportunities.

The war held up much work
that will now be carried on at
once. Public works, shipbuild-
ing, roadbuilding, railway work
—construction of bridges, im-
provement of road-bed, making
of new equipment—these will
provide new opportunities for
employment. In addition, the
Government has sent a Trade
Mission overseas to secure for
Canada a share in the business of
providing materials and prod-
ucts required for reconstruc-
tion work in Europe. It has also
set aside the large sum of

\$25,000,000 to be loaned through
the Provinces to encourage the
building of workmen's houses.
This will mean much new work
in the spring.

(3) Land and Loans for Soldiers

To help soldiers become farm-
ers the Government has de-
veloped a programme that
includes the providing of land,
the granting of loans, and the
training and supervision of
those inexperienced in farming.
At present, the soldier is grant-
ed, free, in addition to his or-
dinary homestead right, one
quarter-section of Dominion
lands. He also receives a loan
up to the maximum of \$2,500.

These original plans are now
being broadened. If Parliament
passes the new proposals during
this session, the Soldier Settle-
ment Board will be able to buy
suitable land and re-sell it to
the soldier at cost.

Land up to the value of
\$5,000 may be bought by this
plan—the money to be repaid
in 20 years. The low interest
rate of 5 per cent. will be
charged. These new proposals
will also permit the Soldier
Settlement Board to loan the
soldier-farmer up to \$2,500 for
purchasing equipment, etc., in
addition to \$5,000 loan on his
farm.



The Repatriation Committee

OTTAWA

WEST CANADIAN COLLIERIES LIMITED

"GREENHILL" COAL

High Grade Domestic Lump \$6.75 Delivered
Steam \$5.25 Delivered

See all Local Delivery Concerns
We deliver coal to employees only

BLAIRMORE - ALTA.

E. PICK

Sole Agent for The Pass for
-Lethbridge Brewery Products-
Best Wholesale Prices to the Trade

Get Our Prices on all Temperance Drinks

Top-Notch Prices Paid For Bottles

E. PICK, "The Bottle King"
The Alberta Hotel, Blairmore, Alberta

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

We supply nearly all The Pass stores.
The Imperial is the best that can be obtained.
Let us show you samples and quote prices.

The 'Enterprise,' Blairmore



Read the Figures

Notice how the cost—and the
cash value—of the stamp ad-
vances each month until, on the
1st day of January, 1924, the
Dominion of Canada is pledged
to pay \$5.00 for each W-S-S.

ACTUAL
SIZE OF
W-S-S

Germany Can Pay \$3,000,000,000 Yearly

Herbert Gibbs, a well known banker,
in an address declared that, having made
a special study of the subject, he was
able to say that the savings of Germany
were very great. Germans could easily
pay \$600,000,000 yearly, the burden
of which would fall, not on the
wage-earners of Germany, but on the
people who had made the war. He be-
lieved that an allied commission should
sit at Berlin to receive the money in
marks at the gold rate of exchange.
It was quite possible that, for the first

three or four years there is a world-
wide great difficulty in paying, owing to the
economic and political conditions, and he
suggested that these yearly amounts
should at first be received in merchant
ships to the value of 500,000,000 pounds
and from the earnings of railways.

A Great Book

The largest book in the world—13 feet
high, 8 feet wide and 3 feet thick—stands
in the public square in Ottawa. It was
made and bound by the Canadian gov-
ernment printing bureau at Ottawa and
contains the names of all the contribu-
tors to the Victory Loan.

The miners of District 18 have practically decided to have their official organ, The District Ledger, published in Calgary in future, and to dispose of the printing plant at Fernie by sale.

FARM ARCHITECTURE AND BUILDING

A GREAT STOMACH BRACER

Makes You Feel Lively and Young—Keeps You Tired Feeling

At some period in our lives there is sure to come a time when the stomach is "off" and the work is not falling to enjoy and digest its food. Main thing then is to get the right remedy. You really want a soothing medicine, one quick to act, sure on results, combining the virtues of a gentle laxative with a tonic effect upon the stomach, liver and kidneys. Certainly the world affords no better medicines for the stomach than Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandarins and Butterbur. Their laxative effect is ideal—can't be beaten. But in addition to their helpful action upon the bowels, these pills contain certain ingredients that strengthen and invigorate the muscles of the stomach, thereby relieving all sorts of stomach indigestion, sourness, flat gas, headache and bloatness.

Just try Dr. Hamilton's pills—they'll make you full of energy, brimming over with snap; they bring and maintain robust, sound, vigorous health, and not just what you've looked for these many months? REFUSE A SUBSTITUTE FOR DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS. 25c per box at all dealers.

Farmers Apply For Seed Grain

Revenue Office Is Engaged in Receiving Applications for Coming Season

Ottawa. — That the advances of seed grain, fodder and relief, made by the federal government to certain western areas during the season of 1914-15 have been amply justified, is evident from the fact that a total of approximately \$9,000,000 advanced, the department of the interior has already collected in the neighborhood of 15 per cent. The justification of the advances, however, probably be best measured from the fact that the crop grown from the seed advanced is estimated at about 75,000,000 bushels of wheat, 210,000 bushels of oats, 500,000 bushels of barley, and this was at a time when the allied seed for food and feed was in short supply. The benefit derived from the advance is not to be estimated from the immediate returns from the seed sown during that season. As a result of the assistance many settlers would otherwise have been compelled to give up were and have since been enabled to put in crop a very large acreage, with the result that these settlers contributed heavily toward Canada's cereal production during the succeeding years of the war.

Now the revenue seed grain office of the department of the interior is engaged in receiving and recording applications for seed grain for the coming season from the holders of the unpatented Dominion lands under the new system which has been put into effect for this year's advances. In an endeavor to effect a saving in distribution and collection expenses it was decided at a conference held at the instance of Hon. Arthur Meighen, minister of interior with the western provincial representatives and in co-operation with the Canadian Bankers' association, that the federal government would guarantee to the bank the payment of the advances made to holders of unpatented Dominion lands.

The system in operation is that the settlers make application to the secretary-treasurer of the municipality in which he resides or in the district in which he is domiciled. The application is verified, both by the secretary-treasurer and the agent of Dominion lands, who then forwards it to the chief inspector of Dominion land agencies at Winnipeg, who, if he approves, forwards the same to the secretary-treasurer of the bank, who gives the usual note paid by them on advances of this nature. The settler is then in a position to purchase the seed from whoever he knows, has the right class for his use and in localities where there is no grain suitable for seed available locally the department of agriculture is arranging for shipments to be sold to the farmers at cost.

The rate of interest on these advances is 7 per cent. The government bank guarantees the bank for the amount of the principal and 5 per cent interest only. The bank undertakes the collection and receives the amount per cent from the government on the collections, actually made up to and including the first of January, 1920.

Your Eyes
A Wholesome, Cleansing, Lotion—Marine for Reddening, Irritating, and Itching of the Eyes or Eyelids.
"Dr. Ross' Afters the Most Effective and Safe Remedy for Reddened, Itching, and Irritated Eyes."
Marine Eye Remedy Co. Chicago

W. N. U. 1250

All the necessary recording, registration and keeping of records in connection with these advances has been done at Ottawa in the revenue seed grain office which is under the jurisdiction of the controller of revenue of the department of the interior, George D. Pope.

It will be recalled that under the conditions existing after the crop failure of 1914, it was necessary for the Dominion government to come to the relief of the settlers with seed grain, fodder and relief, not only making the advances to the settlers but also purchasing the land. Contracts were made with the Saskatchewan and Alberta governments by which the Dominion government was permitted to take security on the land, which security took priority over first mortgages, taxes, etc. While this caused some difficulty in the beginning, it has now, it is stated, been worked out satisfactorily.

Arrangements have also been perfected with the soldiers' settlement board in connection with the advances of this year whereby returned soldiers can take advantage of these advances guaranteed by the government.

Building in West A Patriotic Duty

Structures are Required in Many Centres and the Work Is Needed

Now that the war is over, and though it is a question of reconstruction and the vital question is "What to do with and for the returned soldier, to get him settled back into civil life where he will not only be busy but happy and contented." The government is convinced that there need be little confusion during the transition period, provided work can be found for the returned men. The soldier does not want charity, he only wants fair pay and a chance to return to work. The governments of both Canada and the United States have already planned very extensive construction programs in public roads, buildings, and other improvements. The railroads are buying steel and taking up construction work which was stopped when the war started. Now it only needs the individual to also go ahead with building, generally to make work for the returned man. If this is done there will not be enough men to fill the jobs available.

Four years ago at the start of the war, everyone was busy, work was going ahead. Then war was declared and the western boys went willingly by the thousands, abandoning their jobs and for lack of available labor principally, and the uncertainty of the immediate outcome as a secondary consideration, work was stopped. Now the war is over with the amount of construction work again in prospect. It was five years ago, and every returned soldier able to work will be needed.

The patriotic duty of the public generally with this condition of affairs before us would seem to be for everyone who has ever had any plans for building work, to get down to a concrete basis, both for farm buildings and city work, and start construction so that it will be in full swing by the time the remainder of the boys get home.

Final Estimates Of The 1918 Crops

Total Yields Lower Than in the Previous Year

Final estimates of the yield of crops in Canada for the season of 1918, compared with 1917, have just been issued by the Dominion government. With the exception of barley, the total yields of all the grain crops were lower than in the previous year, but they are not so low as might have been expected in view of the conditions. In the three Prairie Provinces 164,436,100 bushels of wheat were harvested, as compared with 211,953,100 bushels the previous year. The yield of oats and flax was also somewhat lower, 22,040,510 bushels of the former and 5,776,000 bushels of the latter having been harvested as compared with 254,877,200 and 8,538,800 bushels respectively in 1917. Barley on the other hand showed an increase from 40,834,100 bushels in 1917 to 47,607,000 bushels in 1918.

Record Sale in Pack in B. C.

The salmon pack of British Columbia last year was the largest in the history of the industry in the province, according to a statement just issued by the B.C. Packers' Association. There were no fewer than 1,616,161 cases, as compared with 1,357,465 cases in 1917, the previous largest pack. The greater part was shipped to Europe.

Folly for Builders to Hold for Lower Prices

Duty of Business to Go Ahead Say Big Men of United States

A tendency on the part of business men to hold back new enterprises in expectation of lower commodity prices and wages is a mistake, in the opinion of Joseph E. Otis, vice-president and acting head of the Central Trust Company of Illinois.

"I have no sympathy for the man who is sitting back, waiting for lower prices," said Mr. Otis. "The people who are waiting a drastic decline in prices aren't going to get it; they are going to get left. In other words, I don't believe we are going to see any immediate and drastic decline in commodity prices. There is a worldwide scarcity of many materials, and production costs are going to continue abnormally high.

"We have had perhaps a certain amount of inflation. To the extent that the high prices are due to that cause, moreover, we can expect no immediate decline. The process of deflation will be gradual.

"If we were all to hold back awaiting lower prices we should produce conditions of a sort that would benefit no one. It is the duty of business to go ahead and seize the opportunities now awaiting. If a manufacturer were to defer building needed additions to his plant in the hope of securing a lower construction cost at some indefinite time in the future, he probably would lose more profit on goods which he might have been producing and selling in the meantime than he will save on cheaper construction cost.

Frank W. Thomas, of A. O. Slaughter & Co., said recently:

"In considering the outlook for commodity prices, we must bear in mind that wages are going to continue high for an indefinite time, and that European competition, formerly so keenly felt in our markets, is not going to be so severe as it was before the war. Wages have been advanced almost everywhere, and the prospect of their return to the pre-war basis."

Frank A. Vandellip, president of the National City Bank of New York, in an address delivered in Chicago recently, declared that it is possible to transfer 15,000,000 men now engaged in war activities to works of peace without greatly disturbing conditions.

"I would not argue that we can make this transition without any jolt," he said. "There will be some. But I believe that the demand for labor is so great that it is possible to make the transition without disturbance. I feel it is my duty to the employer of labor each does his best to help in this readjustment."

John N. Willys, president of Willys-Overland company, says:

"I never knew a man to escape failure in either mind or body who worked seven days in a week—Sir Robert Peel."

What a quiet old world this would be if nobody spoke except those who knew what they were talking about.—Detroit News.

Women in all Parts of Canada

TELL OF THE HEALTH DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS BRING

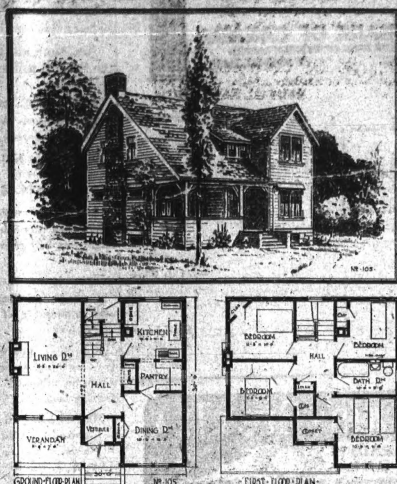
They Made a New Woman of Mrs. John Mortimer, Who Was a Victim of Kidney Disease.

Calgary, Alta., Feb. 10, (Special). — "Three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills made a new woman of me." Those are the words of Mrs. John Mortimer, of this place. They are words that have been used again and again by women in all parts of Canada who have suffered, and who have found relief and cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I feel it is my duty to let you know what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me," Mrs. Mortimer continues. "I had a pain in my back, I could not get out of bed without aching. I tried everything, but could get no relief. I was advised to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I sent to Toronto for them. The day I received them I took three before going to bed, and I felt a lot better next morning."

"I took them according to directions, and in one week I was as well as ever. I am fifty-five and am doing all my housework. If I overwork and my back feels weak, I take a Dodd's Kidney Pill, and feel better in a few days. I have recommended them to my friends, and they also have been helped by them. If you haven't used Dodd's Kidney Pills ask your neighbors about them."

AN ARTISTIC HOME



Shown herewith is a home of somebody's choice. May we help you to analyze it?

This house will display itself to real advantage on a lot with fifty feet frontage, though it may be built on a smaller lot, the house as shown being 30 feet by 30 feet. The attractiveness of the exterior is due to the fact that architecturally the house is correctly proportioned, as well as that the lines are artistically correct and the finishing details such as the outside fireplace chimney, have not been overlooked.

The presence of the French window opening from the living room on to the veranda adds a detail that is usually absent in a house—no design.

The floor plans or room arrangement is worthy of appreciative study.

A house with a central hall lends itself to good planning. Entering

"Material prices and wages are not likely to come down in a hurry. With the passing of the first flurry of unsettlement of prices, which followed the signing of the armistice there is now a noticeable 'steadying' of the market."—From Chicago Daily News, December 19, 1918.

Lumbermen Discuss Plan Department

Has Advantages for Both Customer and Dealer—Value of Advertising

Calgary, Alta. — The subject of the service and plan department of the Western Retail Lumbermen's association was a topic that developed into an animated discussion at the convention here as to whether the department should be curtailed or carried to greater efficiency. The subject was open for discussion, but brought out a number of divergent views on the subject, the majority, however, deciding that the only policy to pursue was that of going forward and not retrogression.

The service was supported by Peter Lund, of Leithbridge, who rose and announced that, as he saw it, the question was one of the housing problem. This feature of the lumbering business, he suggested, contained more of the element of progress than that of any other project. He felt that it would be a mistake to curtail in any way the service department of the association. He admitted that there might be mistakes made, that the lumbermen were giving as good service and the greatest amount of satisfaction to every person as might be wished for, yet it tended toward the building of better houses and contained the true elements of the housing problem.

"Service should not be curtailed," he said, "but rather it should be developed to a greater degree of efficiency. We are living in a new country," he told his hearers, "and the demand for better housing facilities, which must continue if the present development and improvement is to continue."

The discussion showed that the service department was of great assistance in the matter of securing sales as one delegate remarked, "to give greater service than any other fair possibly give." He realized that the efficiency of the department must be maintained to its present standard

WORKING DRAWINGS AND HOUSE PLANS

Our Farm Architecture and Building Department has made arrangements to furnish blue print workings of the buildings shown here, ready for the benefit of our readers at the nominal price of five dollars per set. Address: Architecture Dept., this office.

Building Notes

The Portage la Prairie Agricultural Society is having plans prepared for a large livestock stable, which will be erected on the Island Park fair grounds.

Country papers report that local lumber yards are being stocked up heavily in anticipation of an active season's business with farmers, who contemplate building new homes and barns.

The Hudson's Bay Company is erecting a new store at Sioux Lookout. The building will be constructed along modern lines and will be electrically lighted.

Entertainments are being given by Oddfellows lodges in various parts of the country in aid of the old folks home which is to be built by the order in St. Vital on a site overlooking the Red River just outside of Winnipeg. The war has increased the need of such a home and its erection will be begun as soon as possible. The institution will provide accommodation for aged and indigent members of the order, also widows and orphans who may require a helping hand.

Plans are in course of preparation for the proposed inter-provincial deaf mutes' home, estimated cost \$1,000,000.

WAS PULLED THROUGH THE TRYING TIME IN A WOMAN'S LIFE

Mrs. H. McHenry, 325 Seaton St. Toronto, Ont., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and found them to be of great benefit to me. In fact, I consider they saved my life, and I have told many of my neighbors about them."

"Two years ago last November I was in poor health. The doctor said it was a case of life or death. I was forty years old, and that I would have to be very careful of myself. Shortly after I started taking them, I felt better. I started taking them, and I have told many of my neighbors about them. The doctor examined me, but could not understand my case."

Then they sent for a specialist, as they began to think it was my mind. When the specialist came he was baffled for I started taking them all right. Every day I was getting weaker, and when my husband came he could see that I was going, as I could read his thoughts, but said nothing.

Next day a friend came with a cab and took me to their home. They got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I started taking them and began to get better, and at the end of two weeks, I could walk around the room. I am now well and able to do my own work."

Price \$3 a box at all dealers or direct from The doctor who examined me, but could not understand my case.

The Graves of the Heroes

Remains are to Be Removed to Central Cemeteries

France, Belgium, Italy and Greece are co-operating with the imperial war graves' commission and will provide land in perpetuity for the British overseas who have fallen in the war. Their remains are to be removed from the present scattered graves, of which there are about 150,000, and removed to central cemeteries, where the graves will be cared for reverently, each having a headstone with the name, the regiment, or battalion, badge, and all else needed. In some of these cemeteries there will be tens of thousands of graves. Each cemetery will be beautified with trees and flower plots, and will have a central cross and memorial stone, with the inscription, "Their name liveth for evermore," and a colonnade which will shelter the registers of the names of the men buried there.—Grain Growers' Guide.



Capital and Reserves \$2,000,000
Total Assets, Nov. 30th, 1919, over \$12,000,000

Do You Need A Loan?

Many business men are struggling along on insufficient capital when they have ample security for a loan. Have a talk with our loan manager, he may be able to show you how to raise money that you can use on the farm, to make more money.

UNION BANK OF CANADA
THE PREMIER BANK OF WESTERN CANADA
HEAD OFFICE WINDSOR, MAN.

FOR SALE

Well-built, Five room House, with big pantry, front and back veranda, two lots and outhouses. Fine location. Apply to

The Enterprise

BRAD'S BEST TEA
and **BRAD'S BEST COFFEE**
MORNING-NOON & NIGHT
Ask for Quality and Value

The Blairmore Exchange

Is open to buy or exchange
All kinds of Furniture, Stoves, Dishers, Carpets, Blankets, Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, Hardware, Office Fixtures, Hotel Fixtures, Phonos, Organs, Copper, Brass, Rubber, Furs, etc.

High-Class New Furniture in Stock

If you have anything in these lines, call up
Phone No. 40, Blairmore
If you want to buy any of the above-mentioned articles, call at the Office or Store on corner Victoria Street and Sixth Avenue.

A. McLEOD, Blairmore, Alta.

A. Morency

Plumber, Steamfitter, Tinsmith,
Light Hardware & Enamelware

All work promptly attended to. Victoria Street, Blairmore

OFFICE PHONE 125 RES. DESK PHONE 154

E. J. POZZI

Contractor & Builder

Best Stocked Lumber Yard in The District

DEALER IN
Rough and Dressed Lumber
Sash and Doors, Shingles and Lath
Cement and Brick Construction
All building Materials Supplied.
Plans Furnished, Estimates Submitted

Office and Lumber Yard, Victoria Street,
Blairmore Alberta

Auto Garage

And Repair Shop

Fully equipped to do all kinds of repair work to Automobiles and Cycles at shortest notice.
—Parts and Accessories, Oils and Gasolene Stocked—
Auto Livery in Connection.
GARAGE PHONE 82 RESIDENCE PHONE 22

Shop: Dearborn St., next Gresham blacksmith shop.
A. A. Shearer, Blairmore

Just Caught in Passing

Rod McDonald returned from Calgary this morning.

Mrs. Scott, wife of Chief Scout of the Macleod police, died of the flu on Monday.

FOR SALE—Several tons of Sweed Turnips. Apply to Charles Patton, Lundbreck.

On January 31st four thousand men were clearing Chicago streets and alleys at \$4.50 a day.

An Indian woman, aged 134 years, died this winter in California. She had grown a third set of teeth.

Rev. Hillis Wright, of Knox Church, Grand Forks, B. C., is the new moderator of the Kootenay Presbytery.

Rev. W. T. Young returned Tuesday morning from High River, where he officiated in a pulpit on Sunday last.

FOR SALE—A 6-Roomed House with two lots, on Edmonton Street Blairmore. A snap for cash. Apply to A. J. Smith

Mark Sartoris succeeded in getting in touch with sufficient funds to pay his way to Calgary and return last week.

Coleman Oddfellows and Rebekahs will hold their annual ball in the Coleman opera house on the night of Friday, March 7th.

Rod McDonald, secretary of the local miners' union, was a delegate to the annual convention of District 18 at Calgary last week.

The Oddfellows in convention at Calgary last week declined to accept an invitation from Edmonton to hold the 1920 convention there.

The salary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland is \$100,000 a year, or \$25,000 more than is received by the President of the United States.

British shipyards have booked orders for three hundred vessels. If labor conditions get settled, there will be an unusual boom in British shipping.

A grand dance will be held in the Workers' hall at Bellevue on the night of Monday next, March 3rd. Proceeds will be in aid of John Mueks, who is totally blind.

The Empress of Britain docked at Halifax on Tuesday with 3060 Canadian troops, and the troopship, along with three thousand Canadians also docked the same day at an Atlantic port.

Forty below zero on Monday set aside all doubt in the minds of our citizens as to whether or not the winter had passed. Prior to Monday the coldest experienced was six below, and that some time back.

The new tenant had rented the house and was about to sign the agreement. "Of course," said the agent, "you understand there is no bathroom in the house." "Oh," said the tenant, "that makes no difference; we only want the house for a year."

A local Italian came to us last week and asked us to help him fill out his government statistical report. Satisfactory answers to all the important questions were given. Itemizing his expenses, he lastly noted, "the misus fifty dollara month."

The sad news has reached The Pass of the death of Mrs. Ed. Donkin, which occurred at Winnipeg last week. Mrs. Donkin's husband enlisted about 1915, he at the time holding the position of yardmaster at Frank. On his leaving Calgary for overseas, Mrs. Donkin moved to Winnipeg to reside with relatives. A cancerous growth caused death. Her husband, Lieut. R. E. Donkin, arrived at Halifax on the Empress of Britain on Tuesday of this week.

Sapper Farion, of Coleman, is on the way home from overseas.

Inspector Tucker, of the R.N.W.M.P., was up from McLeod on Monday.

Habibullah Khan, the Amir of Afghanistan, was murdered on February 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stafford and children have taken up residence in Blairmore.

Remember the grand dance to be given in the Union hall at Hillcrest on St. Patrick's night.

A grand masquerade dance will be held in the Union hall at Hillcrest on the night of Friday, March 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Evans, who were married at Calgary last week, arrived in town on Sunday morning.

Mrs. J. M. Carter returned Saturday morning from Calgary, where she had been as a delegate to the annual meeting of the Provincial Red Cross.

Work at the Nuts mine is progressing favorably under the superintendence of Mr. C. Chestnut. A good prospect of coal has been opened up and development on a large scale is expected this year.

The local school reopened on Monday of this week, a new system of ventilation having been installed and the building thoroughly disinfectated. Children were admitted on production of clear bill of health from the board of health medical officer.

Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian premier, was shot and killed on February 20th by Lieut. Count Arcovalley, as Eisner was on his way from the foreign ministry in Munich to the diet. Herr Asur, Bavarian minister of the interior has also been shot.

The Veterans' masquerade ball given in the opera house on Friday night last was the greatest social event in the history of the Pass. Fully six hundred people were present, including about two hundred and fifty spectators. Excellent music was furnished by Anderson's orchestra; with the following members present—Anderson, first violin; "Fonie," of Milan, Italy, first cornet; Prof. F. A. Beebe, of New York City, trombone; Miss Park, the famous trap drummer; and Madame Bond, accompanist. The jazz music rendered by this aggregation caught all from the youngest to the oldest. Prizes were awarded as follows: Best-dressed lady, Miss Maggie Kemp; best-dressed gent, Mr. H. G. Benson; best comic, James Amatto. In the waltzing competition the award was given to Miss Hood, of Hillcrest, and her partner.

Mr. E. Hinds, our popular drayman, had the misfortune to allow his head to be stove by a stove last week end. A little school girl asks why Mr. Hinds' head should have been stove by a stove. If there was danger of the stove falling on Mr. Hinds' head and stove same, why not have Mr. Hinds move his head away from the place where the stove was likely to fall and stove something? The mere fact that Mr. Hinds' head was stove by the stove is no reason why the stove should accept all the blame that is now attached to the stove for stove Mr. Hinds' head where it was stove. Examination by Dr. Olivier proved conclusively, however, that the stove stove Mr. Hinds' head exactly where it was stove, and the fact that the victim in his dreams told all about the stove which stove his head where it was stove decides beyond all doubt that the stove which stove Mr. Hinds' head where it was stove is absolutely to blame.

Mr. Charlton, the popular subscription agent of the Calgary Daily Herald, was in the Pass this week.

Blairmore's male population is now about 700. The female population is 532, which includes 37 Lazzies.

The four-thousand-ton army transport Roman is reported helpless and adrift in a gale about six hundred miles east of Bermuda.

A well known minister who had been preaching a begging sermon, concluded it as follows: "I do not want any to contribute who have not paid their subscription to the house paper, for country papers need money a great deal more than do the heathen." That is what he knew what he was talking about.

"Dinky" De K. Calendar Pad for 1919 at The Enterprise.

D. O. Little has returned from a visit to coast points.

Kenneth Smith has opened an auto garage and repair shop at Cowley.

COLEMAN TOWN BAND—Music for Dancing. Any number of players supplied. Apply to G. Heddington, secretary.

Messrs. J. Montalbell, A. Morency, R. F. Randall, W. J. Bartlett and J. B. Hartner represented Blairmore lodges at the Oddfellows' convention at Calgary last week. Mr. Hartner was official representative.

NOTICE—Owing to the inclement weather, the sale as advertised to be held by the ladies of the Anglican church had to be postponed, but the ladies will give a minstrel drive on Monday evening, March 3rd, at 7:30, in the Oddfellows' hall. Two prizes will be given and a cordial invitation is extended to all. Refreshments will be served.



The Enterprise

Is prepared to handle on short notice orders, large or small, for all kinds of Stationery and Printing. See us for your

- Letterheads
- Envelopes
- Billheads
- Statements
- Noteheads
- Receipts
- Legal Forms
- Loose Leaf
- Account Sheets
- Society Stationery
- Dance Programs
- and Invitations
- Inks, Mucilage
- Pens, Pencils
- Rubber Bands
- Staplers
- Perforators &
- Letter Files
- Etc., Etc.

In fact anything we can't supply is not worth dealing in.